The following remarks were made in the House of Representatives on the 26th of March, by Mr. ruptions into which the General Government is sink-should be taken up. ing, owing to the faithlessness and dishonesty of its agents of claims upon the Treasury. He deserves bill providing punishment for such offences. the thanks of the country for the patriotic boldness lisplayed hy him on the occasion.

" Mr. Venable said: Mr. Chairman, I have no ment to propose, and the debate on that under consideration being closed, I cannot proceed unless by the unanimous consent of the House. [Cries of " Leave!" " Leave!" from all parts of

the House.] The Chairman. The gentleman can proceed only by unanimous consent of the committee. If there is no objection, the gentleman will proceed with his

Mr. Venable. I acknowledge my obligations to the committee for the courtesy extended to me on this occasion. There are some facts which ought to be brought to the kitowledge of the committee and the country. Our constituents ought to know the fact that the Government here is to all practical purposes, in the hands of the claim-agents, the letter-writers, and the common plunderers. The penalty which any representative of the people has to pay for independent resistance to the plunder of the Treasury, or the protection of such unlucky claimants as may succeed n prosecuting a just demand upon the Government from the exactions of those who profess to be their agents, is to be slandered and assailed by all the hireling scribblers who are under pay to form public opinion, as letter-writers; to find himself denounced and black-balled in the penny press, and held up to the public as a just subject of opprobrium and reproach. I am not thin-skinned enough to feel such assaults, but take this occasion to express my contempt for them and their employers, whether it be claim-agents or the print-daubers of a venal press.

Unless the Government is rescued from such an unholy dominion, it must dissolve in its own corruption and imbecility. The poor Indian, after a prosecution of a just claim for a quarter of a century, with his papers withheld, and every obstruction placed in the way of its recognition, finds himself at last, when tardy justice is done, subjected to the demands of those harpies, who gather around the bureau which is to direct the payment, with caveats for services which have never been rendered, and a claim for half the amount, to be delivered to them. I speak by the card, and know what I say. It is insufferable that such practices should be tolerated. Who made the Departments of this Government the arbiters of such claims for compensation? How disgraceful is it to the country, that the just, the wronged claimant should be subjected to such exactions by the action of the Government itself. Sir, this is indeed filling the cup of bitterness to the brim. It is heaping outrage upon injury on the poor, the oppressed denizen of a country once his own. Can there be any reason why a claim, now allowed after twenty years' denial by the Government which owed it, should be curtailed by half, under the judgment of the Departments of the Government itself? The evil is a crying one; it has become an acknowledged truth, that a small, honest claim stands no chance of a hearing. The seaman's or the soldier's vidow may, for years, knock in vain at the doors of the Treasury. Their claims are too small to admit of large fees, or expensive entertainments. The poor Indian, unused to those appliances, must surrender half of his right, or he cannot be heard. But large and annual spoliations, Imagnificent assaults upon the Treasury for steam lines, and other splendid schemes, [find willing auditors and active agents, who surround the lobbies of this House like the vultures who fly in the rear of an army, always since, granting \$112,000 to a tribe of Indians, as due by treaty, and these agents pocketed \$56,000 of the amount. The whole scheme of plunder is reduced to a system, and those high in office are the efficient friends of the claimants for such exorbitant exactions. by which those who had just claims upon this Government, were to be the subjects of unjust exactionby which the authors of those exactions were to be which the representatives of the people were to be restrained from the denunciation of such abominations, under the terrors of a band of hireling calumniators. The people, sir, will put this matter to rights. All that is wanting is, that they should know the facts; and, knowing them, as I do, I would be unfaithful to withhold them from the country."

The New York Express, in an article headed " Polities North and South," pays the following compliment to the North Carolina Whigs:

could make the Whigs of the old North State-the Mangums, the Grahams, the Moreheads, the Stanlys, and a host of other kindred spirits,-untrue to their

PLANK ROAD MEETING.

The Third Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of During the discussion of this subject, Messrs. the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road Company Fowler, Outlaw, and Marshall, of Kentucky, made Jonathan Worth, Esq., presided, and D. G. McRae and Jno. M. Rose, Esqrs, acted as Secretaries.

There was no question, where there was any differby the 1st of June next; otherwise all action was to

the ensuing year:

President, EDW'D LEE WINSLOW. Directors.

We learn from the Frankfort Commonwealth, that acts, and particularly the Fugitive Slave law !

Mr. Crittenden wrote a letter to a friend in Kentucky, tequesting that his name should not be brought before the Whig Convention of that State, and expressing his preference for Mr. Fillmore. For this act, he receives the highest landations from the Whig Fillmore press. Look back a few years, and it will be seen that Mr. Crittenden, as U. S. Senator, introduced a bill forbidding the poor office-holders to vote in elections, for fear of tainting the purity of the elective franchise by official interference. Now, however, we hear of this same gentleman, as Attorney General, using the high influence of his office in swaying public sentiment in hehalf of the re-election of his Executive Head! Here is another Whig "principle" whistled down the wind! Rich. Enq.

On Tuesday the Cars on the Virginia and Tennessee Rail Road made their first trip to Liberty, 25 miles from Lynchburg, carrying up 6 or 700 persons of both sexes, Saunders' Brass Band, &c. The company enjoyed a sumptuous dinner at Terry's hotel in Liberty—and the country around had a great jubilee.

presented two petitions from the State of Pennsylvania, praying the repeal of the fugitive-slave law. He of Representation of the fugative-slave law. He venable, of this State, the question under considera-Venable, of this batter, the deficiency bill relating to on the practical operation of the law, in order to show day the 9th, in considering the joint resolution maktion being the payment of annuities, &c. to the Indians. Mr. its administration by the ten dollar judges who have ing appropriations for the extension of the capitol. the payment of annual transfer is hand, the cor-venable has exposed, with a master's hand, the cor-fer those remarks till the subject of the compromise to \$500,000 was concurred in, with an amendment; been spawned into existence by it, but he would de-

officers, and the influence exerted in Washington by was referred the message of the President, relative to the recent abstraction of public records, reported a A discussion then took place upon what business

should be taken up; and, in reply to a question from Mr. Mangum, Mr. Hunter said that he would to-morrow urge upon the Senate the necessity of taking up and dispo-

sing, one way or the other, of the joint resolution making appropriations for the extension of the Capitol. Mr. Bradbury insisted upon some action upon the

Messrs. Rhett, Rusk, Davis, Bell, Dawson, Gwin, style to correspond with the appearance of the build- and valleys of the centre, and then spread in gentle, weller, Shields, Bradbury, Downs, Hale and others. ing; and in addition to a full supply of Drugs and heart-cheering undulations along the Eastern coast. The amendment pending was one increasing the whole number of representatives to 231—thus giving South Carolina one for her fraction, and allowing California her present number, two.

Mr. Downs moved an amendment to the amendment, giving an additional member to Louisiana for

During the debate the deficiency bill was reported with many amendments. The debate continued till near 4 o'clock, when, vithout taking any question, the Senate adjourned.

towards opening a rail road from St. Mary's river, in degree of prosperity which it has never before known. hobby, but these fears have been dispelled. Not only Florida, to Pensacola bay.

Mr. Houston, of Alabama, said he understood that one of the sections of the bill went to modify the tariff, by abolishing the duty on rail road iron, and called for the reading of the bill. He contended that the committee had no authority to report on the subject, particularly as it has been referred to the committee of ways and means, which has it under consideration.

Mr. Johnson, of Arkansas, took a different view of the rule; a strict adherence to which, he said, commence operations during the summer, and will who four years ago were so "conservative"-so opmight prevent business of an important character, run 1000 spindles. from being taken up, because the committees to which it more immediately belonged did not think proper to

Mr. Clingman coincided with the gentleman from ed; and it is expected that they will commence operations, and thought if the committee referred to ations in a few days. This we think is the third or foundations, and constructing an entirely new one! could report as to rail toaqs, they might also with reference to rail road iron.

Mr. Bayly, of Virginia, said such a construction as the gentleman from Arkansas had placed upon the rule would lead to endless embarrassment; the reason of the rule being that measures should not be improperly forced upon the House.

province of the committee on public lands to report a bill embracing a section abolishing the duty on rail road iron, which belonged to the committee on ways and means, and consequently that the bill was out of

Mr. Clingman appealed against the decision of the chair, and Mr. Jones having moved that the appeal lie on the table, upon which the yeas and nays were is quite equal to their ability at present to meet it. ordered, and the decision was sustained-yeas 125,

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the homestead bill, when Speeches were deliver. Hillsborough. In to-day's paper will be found their " with a (hum)bug on the end of it,"-the ranks of ed by Messrs. Ward and Averett; and then the House advertisement, to which we invite attention.

to 234, so as to allow California two members, which pute. she now has, and to allow South Carolina another, she having the largest fraction of all the States. Mr. which have recently been commenced, but they do largest fraction of all the States. Mr. Which have recently been commenced, but they do largest fraction of all the States. Mr. Haven, and Truman Smith, voted in favor, and Hainshe now has, and to allow South Carolina another,

On the same day the House resumed the consideration of the bill from the Senate to promote and enaided by the authority of the Government, and by force discipline in the Navy; and after being engaged therein for some time, went into Committee of the will have to knock under to the "Light of Heaven" ranks, and prepared for another onset. At last the Jane Morrill. Whole on the homestead bill, when Mr. Polk took

responsible for its origin; and they have nourished it, fed it, and stimulated it to the present hour; and if any thing should grow out of it destroying the he, "to surpass the Light of Heaven in magnifi- and collecting all their strength for a last desperate Republic, to them will belong the blame, and partic- cence, and she is destined to run on the Nile as the effort next August, to regain their losses; but we ularly to the Southern Whigs, who, he said, are lea- Pacha's own pleasure boat. Her engines are of 300 stand ready for them, prepared, undismayed, "unter- 25 to \$6 50, measurement and inspection; Boston flour "So also the gallant Whigs of North Carolina, to- gued with the Northern Abolitionists, without whom horse power, and of the most beautiful make and fin- rified," confident of a full and complete victory. at from \$4 75 to \$5 25; corn, full stock, selling at 621 wards whom every Whig in the Free States must they would not have strength enough to claim the consideration of a party. The Compromise measures, uniform defence of the honest, national, and patriotic inscribed on both sides of our banner, we will not know in the first power, and of the most headth in the world not have strength enough to claim the consideration of a party. The fittings of the interior are gorgeous beyond they would not have strength enough to claim the consideration of a party. The fittings of the interior are gorgeous beyond consideration of a party. The Compromise measures, the insisted, were passed by the votes of men belong-inch broaded silks, which will alone cost \$250,000. sentiments of the Whigs of the North towards them ing to the Democratic party, with a slight postscript of The ceiling of the saloon will be divided into a num- defeat. and towards the Whigs of the whole Union. No Whigs, scarcely enough to swear by; and notwith- ber of panels of rich white silk, having upon the cen-

The last sentence, especially, is full of meaning.

The Express is right—" the Mangums, the Grahams, the Moreheads, the Stanlys," and the Badgers will stick to their Northern allies, come what may. There is no doubt of it.

was held in this place on Thursday and Friday last. explanations as to particular points in controversy. Mr. Polk, in referring to the Presidency, asked whether the Whigs were merely going to point to A large amount of the stock was represented. The General Scott's military acts, and say that the old State was represented by A. A. McKethan and Jno. soldier fought in Mexico; that he has heretofore painted his principles on his banner, but will now refuse to do it. He would ask the gentleman from

F. Fries, Jona. Worth, Alex. Murchison, George McNeill, John H. Cook, G. Deming, James Kyle, C. Benbow, J. W. Pearce. Fay. Carolinian.

Messrs. Jones, Mangum, and Stanly, are intended to gentleman authorized by General Scott to say that, as President, if any such affliction should be brought upon the country, that he would veto a bill for an albattle will be fought in the three great States of New ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with their little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible, marking with the little fingers on ly as possible with the little fingers of little fingers on ly as possible with the little fingers of little fingers on ly as possible with the little fingers of l

Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, desired to put a question. He did not speak for any candidate, but he undertook to say that General Scott is a Whig; that he is in favor of the established doctrines of the Whig party, and that no Whig President will veto a bill on the of the gentleman from Tennessee what Democratic candidate, if any, is pledged to veto, in advance, a though that wealth was obtained by the most rascally no, tenor, bass, &c., with exquisite correctness. I didate is it who pledges to veto a bill on the score of

Mr. Polk. The gentleman from Kentucky understands General Scott one way, and the gentleman from

Mr. Campbell remarked he expressly said he did not speak for any candidate, but only with respect to er it a disgrace to associate with honest, well informwhat has always been recognised as a Whig doctrine ed mechanics, and we will show you a worthless, as to the veto power. He hoped the gentleman would ignorant conceited creature, useless to himself and now answer his question. Will any one of the candidates of the Democratic party pledge himself, in friends. advance, to veto a bill to change or modify the Fugi-

In the Senate, on Wednesday the 7th, Mr. Hale criminal, although he was for Young America. The House soon after adjourned.

9211 222 Hot 37 The Senate was engaged for the most part, on Fri-The House amendment, increasing the appropriation and the Senate, after considering private bills, and Mr. Downs, from the same committee, to whom was referred the message of the President, relative to the recent abstraction of public records, reported a sidering private bills. The bill for the relief of the legal representatives of Gen. James C. Watson was of Eastern whigs, it is nevertheless true that the Dedebated and passed; and then the House adjourned mocracy of Buncombe did hold a Meeting last Thurstill Monday.

Mr. Bradbury insisted upon some action upon the French spoliation bill, and said on Monday he would move to take it up.

The bill fixing the apportionment of representatives for California was then taken up and debated by Messrs. Rhett, Rusk, Davis, Bell, Dawson, Gwin, style to correspond to the street of the painter, and we know you will feel take pleasure in transferring them to your columns as you are requested to do. We know you will feel proud to prolong and spread wider the roar of this first Mountain Democratic Gun, as its echoes re-bound from our lofty peaks to roll through the hills and valleys of the corresponding to the street. South Carolina one for her fraction, and allowing Articles, which cannot fail to attract the attention of of them, but will try to give you some idea of the visitors. His gold fish, which he keeps for ornament, spirit that animates the Mountain Democracy. are a novelty with us worth seeing, if one has no The Convention humbug has exploded, and its deother business at the store.

enterprise will stimulate others to make similar im- en the whigs themselves are abandoning it, and those provements. We should like to see our little town who will be candidates for the next Legislature will, put on the appearance of thrift and liveliness. The in most if not all the Counties, pledge themselves to advantage would not be inappearance only; it would vote for the Free Suffrage bill as it passed at the last In the House, on the same day, Mr. Orr, of South stimulate into activity a spirit of industry and energy session. I confess that I had felt some misgivings, Carolina, from the committee, reported a bill granting which seldom fails to command success, and we the right of way and a portion of the public lands might hope ere long to see our town verging into a might hope ere long to see our town verging into a the West would be led astray by the Convention

business and interests of the people.

a Corron Factory, on Little River, about thirteen miles east of Hillsborough, and are now receiving their Machinery from the North. They expect to the Convention cry is raised and kept up by those

WOOLLEN FACTORY on Ence, about seven miles East Free Suffrage in it, lest it should lead to other changof Hillsborough. The machinery has all been receives. Now those are the very men who profess to be fourth Woollen Factory in the State; and we look I say profess, for their sole object is (or was) to keep upon their introduction as of the more importance, be- up the Convention cry until the Free Suffrage bill is cause, if we are not much mistaken, if proper facili-ties are afforded, Western North Carolina will eventu-Convention, even if the Western people desired it, ally become a great wool-growing country. We which they do not. This is the whole aim and oblocation of this Factory in Orange will inject of that measure, including, of course, the restoper cent cheaper than gas. It was tested in the presduce our people to pay more attention to the raising ration to power of those who would so shamefully ence of a number of scientific gentlemen, who were The Speaker decided that it was not within the of Sheep; for it is generally conceded to be the most abuse it after having resorted to such unworthy means unanimous in expressing their opinion of its superior profitable animal we can raise.

ment for manufacturing Window Blinds, a handsome spirit, one purpose animates every heart, and every In the Senate, on Thursday the 8th, the subject of the Japan expedition was taken up, and remarks were Rev. John A. McMannen's establishment at South moorat takes his Eastern brother by the hand, and present, always importunate, and ever ready to plunge made by Messrs. Borland and Mangum, and the sub- Lowell, at which are manufactured Smut Machines, each speaks words of cheer to the other. their beaks into their prey. There was, as I am in. ject was postponed to make way for the bill in rela- which we see, by frequent mention in our exchanges, But while I am willing to concede great praise to on to the census and representation of California. are obtaining considerable celebrity in the State on the Eastern Democracy, I must claim an equal share the two Houses on printing The pending question was on an amendment, by account of their excellence. He also manufactures and greater fortitude for the "unterrified" of the Contractor has failed to fulfill his contract as authorMr. Bradbury, to increase the members of the House Patent Corn Shellers, &c., which are in good reWest. We have fought unweariedly for years and ized, and have therefore given the Senate printing to

I have felt it my duty to speak plainly upon this subject. I am gratified for the courtesy of the commence of the courtesy of the courtesy of the commence of the courtesy of the courtesy of the commence of the courtesy of the courtesy of the commence of the courtesy of that it was the duty of some representative of the people to expose a system of organized operation, Sense adjourned. Without any further action, the well-directed energy when our Raffroad is put in opportunity. The triples were right, were just, and therefore eter-Hillsbore' Recorder.

> Western Steamers, splendid as many of them are, proud and numerous foes, we still rallied closed our steamer, just built at Glasgow for the Pacha of Egypt. charging columns, so accustomed to victory as to the floor. He spoke in favor of harmony in the De- Heretofore the British have sought utility rather than deem it a thing of course, have recoiled in confusion mocratic ranks, and then went into the Slavery and show in the construction of their steamers, but the and their retreat is fast becoming a rout. The aswealth and taste of the owner of this new steamer sailed have now become the assailants, and the strange He then charged that the Whigs are responsible for the agitation of the slavery question; they were they are not deficient in ornamental skill. Mr. Ken-

amount of Southern fanaticism or Northern ultraism standing this, the Whigs proclaim to the country that tre the device of the crescent and the star, encircled for every shout they send up to the mountains, we cents per gallon; salt \$1 50 to \$1 75 per sack; flaxseed they are the best Compromise men.

With most elaborate and richly colored wreaths of He replied to the remarks of Mr. Cabell, of Flori- Eastern flowers, of silk. The borders of the panels long as theirs, at least so much so that they will not 48 to 50—N. C. Whiskey 36 to 40. da, which were delivered on the first day of the pres- are to be richly ornamented with Raffaelesque decor- mistake it for the mere echo of their own. bers present, it was deemed proper to leave the mat- ing of the deck is to be formed entirely of rich broter for the action of the Democratic National Conven-tion, which will reflect the popular will. During the discussion of this subject, Messrs. the awning alone will not be less than \$10,000."

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

There is now a fair fight between the Fillmore and question of building the Summerville branch of the yesterday, whether that gallant spirit will refuse to self the whole Freesoil vote of the Northern States sung in parts, and from the notes. Company's Road, which question was referred to the General Meeting of Stockholders by the President and Directors. A resolution was adopted directing the President and Directors to construct the Summerville branch if \$43,000 was subscribed and secured voice to answer?

Self the whole Presont voice of the Ivolution States as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, on the resont voice of the Ivolution States as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law as a centre of operation, with the Maine liquor law and eight years of age. They sang a hymn for us, wings of his army. One wing is expected to capture the sober, native, home population, and the other, voice to answer? was authorized to say, from General Scott, that he'is sisting of Irishmen, Germans, Dutch, Swedes, Nor- tening to the rude songs of the peasants at their work,

battle will be fought in the three great States of New on sheets of paper; they followed the time as correct-York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.

HE IS ONLY A MECHANIC. How frequently is this puffed-up, long-haired, brainless, impudent dandy, talk about mechanics, as if they were brutes.

No true lady or gentleman would be guilty of such so. Show us the man or woman who would consid- as the A. B. C.

West. Lit. Mess. Richmond Enquirer.

Gen. Canedo, the new captain-general of Cuba, left Cadiz, March 16th. Gens. Medinilla and Marquesi will hold high appointments under him, Don Castor Canedo, his nephew, is to be censor of the press

Richmond Enquirer.

Gov. Wright, the democratic candidate for the Gubernatorial chair of Indiana, is emphatically as working man. He made a speech as a candidate for the Manufacturer's prices. Supplies received weekly. What! you just ready to report verbatim, phonomorphis of the Democratic papers which have severally as alled Buchanap, Marcy, Cass, Douglas, and other of which was mide by him.

Gov. Wright, the democratic candidate for the did."

"It can't be did."

"WE are agents for the above celebrated Snuff, put up in papers, which we are authorized to sell at the Manufacturer's prices. Supplies received weekly. SMYTH & DCNN.

Governor, in a Court-House in Indiana, every brick of which was mide by him.

Fetersburg, March 23d, 1842.

April 6, 1852.

April 6, 1852.

Wall It that also it a late to the second of the second of

Correspondence of the Standard.

Asheville, April 5, 1852. Thunder in the Mountains:—Old Buncombe Right side up!!—The "Unterrified" Undismayed!!! It may seem strange to you, Mr. Editor, to hear of to entertain Resolutions offered by Mr. Brown of Mis- have resolved to distribute among the several Counties a Democratic Meeting in Buncombe, and one pledg-sissippi, forbidding the Committee on Printing to of the State of North Carolina, the sums mentioned in ing itself to Free Suffrage by Legislative enactment, take the contract from Hamilton and give it to the

off "in search of strange gods. "

But strange as it may seem to you, and unwelcome as may be the sound that will roll down on the ears day-none of your little pinched up, three-voters IMPROVEMENT IN HILLSBOROUGH.

It gives us pleasure to notice the handsome improvement recently made in our town by Dr. S. D.

Schoolfield, in the erection of a travel of the state of the Meeting will appear in the Asheville Schoolfield, in the erection of a two story frame build- and Rutherfordton papers, and we know you will

sign is manifest. We see that its aim was to divide We wish the Dr. great success, and hope that his our party in the West and to kill Free Suffrage. Ev-MANUFACTORIES IN ORANGE. While on the subject but hundreds, and probably thousands of the repubof improvements, we propose to notice some which lican Whigs will vote with them. I find a disposihave recently taken place in this county, and which tion among the liberal, honest masses of the late whig promise, at no distant day, greatly to advance the party to break loose from their old federal leaders and join the ranks of the Democracy. They begin to see Messrs. Webbs & Douglass have just completed that their party has abandoned all its old issuesposed to changing the Constitution in any particular, Messrs. Robert & John Shields have also erected a that they were horrified at the idea of incorporating

to obtain it. The people see through it clearly. EAGLE FOUNDERY, owned by Messrs. Brown and It is gratifying, Mr. Editor, to reflect, that while Wilkinson, is situated on Ence, about three miles the so-called Whig party of the State is split and East of Hillsborough. It has been in operation only rent into almost as many fragments as there are leada short time, and its ingenious and enterprising pro-prietors are constantly adding improvements. We unit. While the Eastern Whig rolls up great swel-Messrs. Dickson & Brown's establishment, for cord are surging wildly through their ranks and pro- 27 whigs and natives voted for it, and 14 whigs and manufacturing Wool-Carding Machines, Wheat Fans | ducing a beautiful state of "confusion, worse con-&c., is situated on Ence river, about six miles east of founded"-all stirred up with a long Convention pole Democracy are unbroken from Cherokee to Currituck, To these we may add Mr. R. F. Webb's establish- their files are close and compact, and one aim, one

years, even when no ray of hope that we should be the Republic, and the House printing to the Union nal, could have sustained us under defeat after defeat, multiplied and heaped upon us. "Snowed under," MAGNIFICENT STEAMER. The North River and crowed over, derided, hooted at and despised by our

with most elaborate and richly colored wreaths of will answer with one, if not altogether so loud and \$1 15 to \$1 25; peach brandy 50 to 55 cents-apple,

A LIVE DEMOCRAT.

visiting the school at Schwalbach, the first room we with a downward tendency, commanding \$4 25 to \$4 ed by the State of North Carolina; the interest on came to was that of the girls, who were all learning as- 75; bacon advancing, Va., hog round, 111; lime, Thomtronomy. A strange preparation, thought I, for the after life of a Nassau female. Who would think that the New York, April 9. Cotton, Si for midli walking masses, half grass, half woman, one meets every day in the fields and lanes would be able to tell 50; corn, sales of 18,000 bushels mixed at 65 to 67 cts. whether the earth moved round the sun, or the sun round the earth, or if the moon were any bigger than their own reaping hooks? We asked the master to allow us to hear them sing. Great was the delight Seward or Scott wings of the Whig party, which it of the little madchens when this request was made would be an act of impiety to disturb. A Whig known; there was an universal brightening of faces caucus is to be held to-morrow evening; great events and shuffling of leaves; the pedagogue took down an Court. may happen which no human wisdom can foreshadow. old violin from a peg where it hung, and accompanied ence of opinion among the Stockholders, except the Kentucky, (Mr. Ward,) who addressed the House Gen. Scott, it is now asserted, can concentrate in him-

Mr. White of Kentucky, arose. He believed he composed of the entire foreign adopted citizens, con- Germans were a nation of musicians, and that in lis-The following are the officers of the Company for opposed to any alteration of any measure contained in the ensuing year:

The following are the officers of the Company for the Compromise.

The Southern division, small but select and well style of the same class of people in our country.— Mr. Polk asked, Will he put this in writing? Does appointed, consisting entirely of veterans, divided the gentleman feel authorized so to state? Is the into three brigades, commanded, respectively, by

the page the crotchets, quavers, rests, &c. At Leipsic, the most un-English trait, I gathered remark made by aristocratic upstarts, who have nothing to recommend them save their money and impudence, when the name of an honest and intelligent outside. They were all poor, and a few stockingless, ty, and that no Whig President will veto a bill on the mechanic happens to be mentioned in their presence. and were engaged in some uproarious game, when score of expediency alone. Now, he wished to know They consider it degrading to associate with those in the middle of it, the little urchins burst into the who do not, like themselves, possess wealth, even most harmonious melody, each taking his part, sopralaw that he himself does not regard in violation of the Constitution? In other words, what Democratic caninformed people, as to hear an ignorant conceited, true school-boy fashion, sally down the street, vociferating their song in such time and tune, that, but for my initiation into the mystery at the Schwalbach scool, I should have stared at them as so many little littleness. It is only the ignorant, spoiled beauty- wonders, What a delightful system is this music ! the worthless, contemptible scaplock who would do as early and as indispensable a branch of education

Souvenirs of a Summer in Germany.

" Bill, spell cat, rat, hat, fat, with only one letter

TELEGRAPHED FOR THE STANDARD.

WASHINGTON, April 13, 1852. The House of Representatives refused yesterday

take the contract from Hamilton and give it to the the following table, in part of the nett income of said and repudiating a Convention as a trick of the enemy, intended to distract and divide our ranks and send us

The Committee on Printing had recommended this perly authorized to receive the same. course, that is, to take the printing of the two Houses from Hamilton, who, it is alleged, does not comply Counties from which they were respectively formed. with his contract, and give it to the two offices above mentioned; and Mr. Borland has resigned his place on the Committee on account of it.

The prices to be paid the new contractors are to correspond with the bid of John C. Rives two years ago. There is much excitement here about the

Later from Texas-The State Conventions. NEW ORLEANS, April 6. The steamships West Wind, from Chagres, and the Yacht and Meteor. rom Texas, arrived to-day. The dates from Texas are to the 2d. The Whig and Democratic State Conventions both passed resolutions to adhere to the compromise measures. The former passed a resolution complimentary to the administration of Mr. Fillmore. and the latter resolved to support the Baltimore Con-

Still Later from Texas-American Steamboat Fired upon by the Mexicans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 7th. Late advices from Texas report that the steamer Camanche, while ascending the Rio Grande with forty passengers, including many ladies, and also General Carvajal, was fired upon by the Mexican soldiers from the bank of the river. The shot struck the boat, but luckily no lives were lost. The shots were probably intended for Carvajal. The outrage had excited much indignation on the part of the Americans.

Missouri Democratic Convention. ST. Louis, April 8. The Democratic Convention at Jefferson City adjourned sine die yesterday, after passing resolutions in favor of the Compromise, and reaffirming the Democratic platform of 1848. Sterling Price, after a fierce contest, was nominated for Governor over T. M. Price, (Benton.) The balance of the State ticket was divided equally between the Bentonites and anti-Bentonites. Montgomery Blair was elected delegate to the National Convention, with instructions to support Cass and Butler.

A Great Invention. WASHINGTON, April 9. A new light has been introduced to the public to day by E. M. Hall, patentee, supplanting camphene on account of its un-explosive character, and which can be furnished one hundred merits. All who witnessed this self-generating light consider it a great discovery.

Defeat of the Maine Law in Pennsylvania. BALTIMORE, April 10. The vote was taken on Wedesday on the first section of the proposed Maine law. 36 democrats against it.

Kossuth at Charleston. CHARLESTON, April 9. Kossuth arrived here today, but his arrival creates no sensation. To-day being a holiday, (Good Friday,) no business has been transacted.

The Public Printing. WASHINGTON, April 8. The joint committee of

In Greensborough, on the evening of the 5th inst. by the Rev. President Deems, Rufus L. Patterson, Esq. of Caldwell, to Miss Marie Louise, daughter of Gov. Morehead. At South Boston, Mass., on the 30th ultimo, by the Rev. J. W. Alvord, George Hooper, Esq., of the firm of Chadbourn & Hooper, of Wilmington, to Miss Sarah

In Charleston, S. C., on the 4th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Gotthart Bernham, Mr. Charles Young, of that city, to Mrs. Anna K. Simpson, of Fayetteville, N. C.

THE MARKETS.

WILMINGTON, April 10. The Naval Stores market has generally advanced; turpentine, soft, \$2 50 to \$2 55 lish -hard \$1 50 to \$1 55; spirits turpentine 34 cents per | cigh Star; the Pionecr, Elizabeth City; the Carolinian. gallon ; tar \$1 70 per burrel ; sales of timber at from \$5 | Fayetteville ; the Journal, Wilmington ; the Warrenton

varns, No. 5 to 10, 15 cents per lb.; feathers 32 to 35 cts.; Albemarle Bulletin; the Plymouth Villager; and the flour \$4 50 to \$5; corn 85 to 90; molasses 23 to 25

PETERSBURG, April 10. The demand for tobacco ac-I am, Mr. Editor, (and there are hundreds like me,) tive, at the following rates : Prized lugs \$2 75 to \$4 25common leaf \$4 to \$4 75-good leaf \$5 to \$7-fine leaf \$7 50 to \$12 50. - Cotton quiet, with sales at from EARLY MUSICAL EDUCATION IN GERMANY. In 6 to 71 cents; corn dull at from 621 to 65; flower dull,

NEW YORK, April 9. Cotton, 81 for midling up lands, the market closing dull. Flour at \$4 371 to \$4

District Meeting. MEETING of the Democrats of Raleigh and vi-A cinity, will be held at the Town Hall, on Saturday the 24th of April, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to the County Convention, to be held Tuesday of May

NEW NOVELS.

Avenger, Mordaunt Hall, &c. THE HEAD OF THE FAMILY, by the author of Olive and Agilvies.

THE TUTOR'S WARD, by the author of Wayfaring Sketches, Use and Abuses, &c. MARCUS WARLAND, OR THE LONG MOSS SPRING, a 'ale of the South, by Caroline Lee Hentz, author of Linda Rena, &c.

COUNT MONTE LEONE, OR THE SPY IN SOCIETY. rom the French of H. De St. Georges. Received and for sale by W. L. POMEROY. Raleigh, April 12, 1852.

New Books. ANCROPT'S History of the U. S., vol. IV. Annual of Scientific Discovery for 1852.

Arctic Expedition Search of Sir John Franklin, by Sir John Richardson, B., F. R. S. &c. Received and for sale by

April 12, 1852. Citate of North Carolina, WAKE COUNTY

W. L. POMEROY.

It appearing that the business on the Civil Docket, Criminal Docket and Equity Docket, has accumulated insomuch that it cannot be dispatched in any reasonable time, It is thereupon ordered that a Special Term of Superior Court be held for the County of Wake on the third Monday in July, 1852. R. P. FINCH, Clerk.

April 7, 1851.

Egerton's Scotch Snuff. WE are agents for the above celebrated Snuff, put up in papers, which we are authorized to sell at

means in the similar tracking the last the state of the s

COMMON SCHOOLS.

OFFICE OF THE LITERARY BOARD, 7 Raleigh, April 7, 1852. The President and Directors of the Literary Fund. ry Department upon the application of the persons pro-

The Counties of Jackson, Madison, and Yackn, will receive their portion of the amount distributed from the

DAVID S. REID, Pes't ex-officio of the Literary Board.

Amount

Pes. Pop.	distributed.
	\$ 813 28
5,003	400 24
	860 48 683 19
	797 8
	476 00 1019 04
	553 55
8,674	693 99
1227/12/19/19	
12,161	972 88
ACCUSES 1997	
March 1997 (1997)	1284 46 536 94
	420 16
9,697	775 76
6,257	1417 84 500 56
14,123	1129 84
6,998	559 84
	888 88 1101 60
10,627	850 16
9,510	760 80
	578 24
	- 1384 94
5,321	425 68
18,480	1478 40
	.1040 56 552 56
	518 64
6,656	532 48
6,585	526 80
	948 88
3,935	314 86
	494 50
	553 95 459 28
6,169	
6,961	556 88
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14,957	1196 5
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12,329	986 3
19,388	991 0
17,643	1411 4
	356 1
4,780	392 40
3,348	267 8
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News; the Goldsborough Republican and Patriot; the Asheville News; the Spirit of the Age; the Lincoln Republican; the Greensborough Patriot; the Mountain Banner; the Halifax Republican; the Tarborough South FATETTEVILLE, April 10. Cotton 7 to 71; cotton ernor; the Graham Democrat; the Salem Piess; th-

North Carolina State Bonds.

Rateign N. C., April 8th, 1852. CEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this Office until the 10th of May next, for the purchase of SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS worth of Bonds issuand July in each year, and the principal at the end of ten years-in conformity with an Act of the General Assembly of said State, ratifel January 28th, 1851. Persons bidding will please endorse on their letters

D. W. COURTS,

Public Treasurer . April 12th, 1852. 45-td

Notice--- \$10 Reward.

ANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 1st day of April, 1852, a mulatto fellow named JERRY MANEY, as he calls himself, and says he is a free man, but his papers have never been seen. Said boy is about 30 or 32 years old, and has a free woman for his wife-the woman is well known by the name of Nancy Reed, she has a sister in the neighborhood of Tarboro', and Logsboro', and no doubt they are lurking in that vicinity. The boy was raised in the town of Louisburg, N. C., and has a mother and several brothers in that place. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to the undersigned at Rocky Mount, or any jail so that I can get him sgain. S. D. ARMSTRONG.

Rocky Mount, April 3d, 1852. NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WE would respectfully announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Raleigh and the surrounding Country that we are now receiving our Spring stock, which embraces nearly every article usually found in a Boot and Shoe Store, and we venture to assert that a cheaper or better assortment has never been offered in this market. Call and test the assertion. PARTIN & GILL.

Raleigh, April 8, 1852.

New Music. TUST received at the MUSIC STORE, a lot of new and fashionable Music, embracing, Friendship Polka, Wait for the Wagon,

Low-backed Car, Nelly Bly, &c. &c. Catalogues of the Music can be seen at the North

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c. \$ 300 PACKAGES ow receiving for the Spring trade at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.

March 30, 1852.